

Scheduled Migration in Distributed Systems

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Coordination of mobile agents in distributed systems takes into account time scheduling, access to available resources, safe interaction among processes. Mobile and concurrent processes were described essentially in the π -calculus [18], a formalism working with communicating mobile processes, where the mobility is expressed by sending certain channel names as messages to other processes. The distributed π -calculus [17] is a variant of the π -calculus using explicit locations, explicit migration, replication and local communication among processes. After introducing and studying a timed extension of the distributed pi-calculus [14], we introduced a simple prototyping high-level programming language called `TiMO` to describe mobile agents using specific features as timed migration and timed communication in distributed networks [9]. `TiMO` is bridging the gap between the existing theoretical approaches and forthcoming realistic languages for bounded-time migrating agents in distributed systems. To understand the problems solved by such a language, just imagine the difficulties to find an optimal trip from Iași (Romania, 400km from Bucharest) to Kingston (Canada, half-way between Montreal and Toronto) according to several constraints and requirements on timing, routes, connections and price.

The standard notion of bisimilarity is extended in [5] to take into account the timed transitions and multisets of actions, and then to `TiMO` in [4]. Behavioural equivalences are based on the observable transitions of processes rather on their states (as in timed automata and timed Petri nets). The relationship between timed mobility in `TiMO` and Petri nets is presented in [10].

Several variants of `TiMO` were developed during the last years: a version with access permissions for mobile agents given by a type system [11], a real-time version `rTiMO` [1], a probabilistic extension `pTiMO` [15], a version `perTiMO` with safe access permissions [12]. Inspired by `TiMO`, a flexible software platform was introduced first in [7] and presented then in [8] to support the specification of agents allowing timed migration in a distributed environment.

Interesting properties of distributed networks described by `TiMO` refer to various time constraints over agents migration and communication, bounded liveness and optimal reachability. A verification tool called `TiMO@PAT` was developed by using an extensible platform for model checkers [16]. A probabilistic temporal logic called `PLTM` was introduced in [15] to verify properties of `pTiMO` processes making explicit reference to specific locations, and using temporal constraints over local clocks and multisets of actions. A formal relationship between `rTiMO` and timed automata allows us to use the model checking capabilities provided by the software tool `UPPAAL` [2]. `TiMO` was used to describe a railway control system, and then use a new behavioural congruence over real-time systems (named strong open time-bounded bisimulation) to check which behaviours are closer to an optimal and safe behaviour [3]. In [6] it is defined a general framework for reasoning about systems specified in `TiMO` by using the

Event-B modelling method as the target for translating TiMO specifications. Then the Rodin platform supporting Event-B is used to verify system properties using the embedded theorem-provers and model checkers.

In [13] it was developed a new semantic model for TiMO by using rewriting logic and strategies with the aim of providing a foundation for tool support. In particular, strategies are used to capture the locally maximal concurrent step of a TiMO specification. This model is then extended with access permissions in order to develop a new semantic model for perTiMO. These semantical models are formally proved to be sound and complete with respect to the original operational semantics on which they were based.

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